







PROCEDURE FOR CANINE MAJOR CROSSMATCH

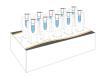
Material provided:

1 buffer solution

1 box of 10 XM Gel Tests







Sample material: DONOR blood tube or blood bag segment.

RECIPIENT blood tube.

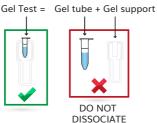
Preferably drawn into EDTA, CPD or ACD. Do not use Heparin.

For reliable results, use of freshly collected blood is indicated (<3 days at 2-8 °C).

Material required: Swinging bucket centrifuge*; 2 micropipettes (100-1000µl + 10-1000µl); 2 test tubes; tips.

*WARNING: Use only the swinging bucket centrifuge Hettich EBA270 or Drucker Horizon 6.

N°1: Preparation of material provided before use





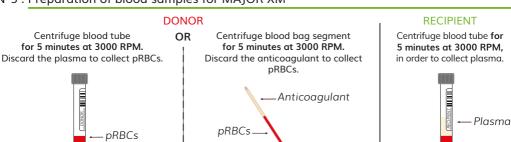
Allow the buffer solution and Gel Test to reach room temperature before use.

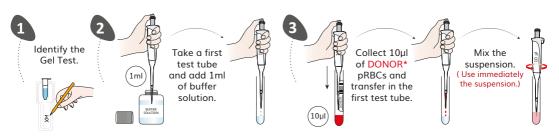
N°2 : Centrifugation of the Gel Test before use

Centrifuge the Gel Test for 2 minutes at 3000 RPM, in order to remove air bubbles or gel drops in the upper part of the Gel Test.



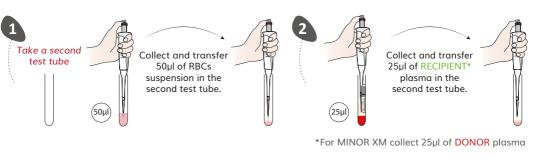
N°3 : Preparation of blood samples for MAJOR XM*

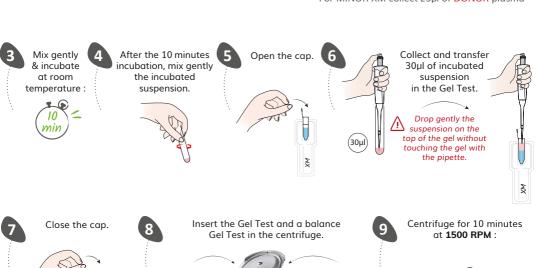




*For MINOR XM collect 10µl of RECIPIENT pRBCs

N°5: Major XM Gel Test procedure





Balance Gel Test

Gel Test

RESULT INTERPRETATION

Compatibility = SAFE TRANSFUSION (=)





Incompatibility = DO NOT TRANSFUSE (+)































LIMITATIONS

- If the blood tube is hemolyzed OR more than 72 hours: wash 1 time in PBS or saline buffer (Nacl 0,9%) to obtain washed pRBCs.
- · Do not use Gel Test tubes which show signs of drying.
- Gel Test tubes which show air bubbles or gel drops in the upper part of the tube must be centrifuged before use.
- Strict adherence to the procedures and recommended equipment, especially the Hettich EBA270 or Drucker Horizon 6, is essential for a reliable and validated result.
- A non-specific (fixed angle centrifuge) will give you false positive results.
- Debris, fibrin residues or other artefacts may cause a few unagglutinated cells to trap on top of gel, but these should be interpreted as negative.
- Use of suspension solutions others than the provided one may modify the reactions.
- Too diluted or concentrated red blood cell suspensions can cause aberrant results.



